

$$1 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{64} + \dots + \frac{1}{4^n} =$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - \frac{1}{4^n} \right) \quad 1 + \frac{1}{k} + \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{k^3} + \dots + \frac{1}{k^n}$$

$$\lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} \left[1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(1 - \frac{1}{3^N} \right) \right] = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\lim_{\substack{N \rightarrow \infty \\ k \rightarrow \infty}} = \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{k-1} \right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{k^N} \right) \right] =$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{k} + \frac{1}{k^2} + \frac{1}{k^3} + \dots + \frac{1}{k^w} =$$

$$\left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{k-1} \right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{k^w} \right) \right] \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{k-1} \cdot \frac{k-1+1+1}{k-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 2$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{k}{k-1} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{k}} \right)$$